

***The question of leadership is not if you are a leader,
but what kind of leader you are.***

Part 1: Nehemiah on Leadership
A look at Biblical leadership

1. Leaders are _____.

- _____ happens until someone gets concerned.
- Nehemiah's concern was that the people lacked protection, separation, and ultimately _____.

Psalm 11:3

When the foundations are being destroyed, what can the righteous do?"

- If you have a concern, you will have _____.

2. Leaders accept _____.

- Leaders don't curse the darkness, they _____ it.

Matthew 5:13-16

"You are the salt of the earth. But if the salt loses its saltiness, how can it be made salty again? It is no longer good for anything, except to be thrown out and trampled by men. ¹⁴You are the light of the world. A city on a hill cannot be hidden. ¹⁵Neither do people light a lamp and put it under a bowl. Instead they put it on its stand, and it gives light to everyone in the house. ¹⁶In the same way, let your light shine before men, that they may see your good deeds and praise your Father in heaven.

- Commitment is to engage oneself with one's _____.

Clues to Nehemiah's Commitment:

1. Nehemiah was working on his _____.
2. Nehemiah was willing to _____.
3. Nehemiah did God's _____ God's _____.
 - God will never have us to work against his _____ to do his _____.
 - People attempting to do God's will are subject to God's _____.

3. Leaders acknowledge the _____.

Part 2: Nehemiah on Prayer

Breaking down the prayer that built up a nation

1. Real prayer is _____.

- What we believe about _____ will determine what we believe about _____.

2. Real prayer is _____.

3. Real prayer always involves _____.

4. Real prayer involves _____.

- Nehemiah said, "God I'm _____ and you're _____."

5. Real prayer is rooted in the _____ of God.

- Nehemiah realized his strongest position was on his _____.

*Prayer is about going to God
and then going for God.*